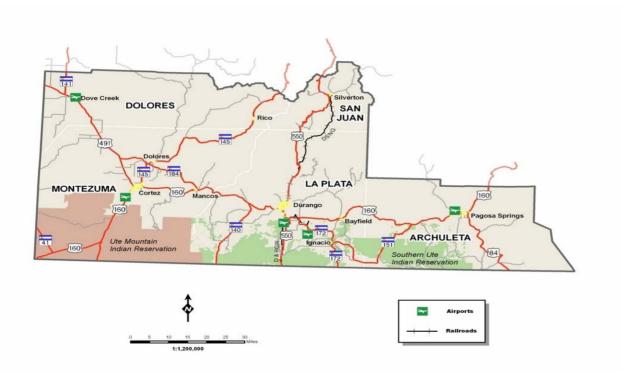


SOUTHWEST TRANSPORTATION PLANNING REGION



Who Are We? Southwest TPR



- 6,557 square miles of land in the SWTPR
- 1,129 lane miles in the SWTPR

Counties:

Dolores Montezuma San Juan La Plata Archuleta

<u>Indian</u> Reservations:

Ute Mountain Ute Southern Ute



Southwest Colorado faces some unique challenges.









Dependence on State Highways

- Thousands of trucks transporting goods travel through the SWTPR per day on the way to the Front Range
- State highways are "Main Street" in most towns and are, in many cases, the only form of transport for residents.
- Lack of viable alternatives:
 - No interstate
 - No rail freight service
 - Lack of reliable, competitively-priced air service



"Big rig" on US 491



Downtown Cortez

Avalanche Country

- US 550 has the highest number of avalanche paths in the U.S. that reach a state highway.
- 5 mountain passes in the SWTPR
- In 2005, 5 mountain passes in southwest Colorado were closed for 3 days, due to avalanches.
- Fatalities have resulted from avalanches on US 550, including 6 on Red Mountain Pass.
- Any reductions in transportation dollars could result in unsafe conditions and road closures.



Eagle Avalanche on US 550, north of Silverton.

High Rate of Animal/Vehicle Collisions

- Animal/vehicle collisions are the No. 1 cause of accidents in the SWTPR (out of 18 categories), accounting for 27% of all crashes.
- The rate of animal/vehicle collisions is high on US 160, US 550, SH 151, SH 145, and SH 141.
- 7 fatalities have occurred as a result of wildlife/vehicle hits on SWTPR state highways in the past 10 years.
- An animal detection system with driver warning signs is being developed for use on US 160. Deer fencing and underpasses are used in some areas.
- A new funding source would provide for necessary deer and elk fencing, road crossings, and other measures.



Landslides and Rockslides

- Jackson Mountain Slide on US 160, east of Pagosa Springs, is a slow, continuous landslide that requires ongoing maintenance to keep the highway functional.
- Need funding reserves so maintenance and engineering staff can quickly address emergency road repairs.
- Additional funding needed for ongoing rockfall prevention and mitigation measures.



Jackson Mountain slide on US 160



Rockfall on SH 145, near the town of Rico



Increasing Tourist Traffic

- Southwest Colorado is a major tourist destination:
 - Mesa Verde
 - Durango & Silverton Train
 - 3 scenic byways, including San Juan Skyway
 - Durango Mountain Resort Ski Area
 - Bicycling
 - All-season recreation on public lands
- Slow-moving recreational and passenger vehicles and bicycles in towns and on mountain passes
- Need passing lanes/turnouts and wider shoulders for safety and mobility



Traffic queue of commuters and rafting buses in Durango



Iron Horse Bicycle Classic, from Durango to Silverton



Growing Concerns

- Population in the SWTPR estimated to increase 86% by 2035.
- Lack of affordable housing causes congested commutes between Durango and other towns.
 Need highway commuter corridor improvements and expanded transit routes.
- Coordination needed between CDOT and local governments in considering the effects of increased traffic from development on the transportation system. Assure that development "pays its own way".
- Oil and gas is a growing industry, and heavy trucks, weighing up to 500,000 pounds, use state highways for transportation.
- Need additional funding to address safety and mobility concerns in congested corridors.



US 160/US 550 intersection in Durango



Oil truck on US 491, south of Cortez

Southwest TPR Needs

- Safety
- Mobility
- Surface treatment

 Need new revenue sources to address these needs.



US 160 near the Four Corners

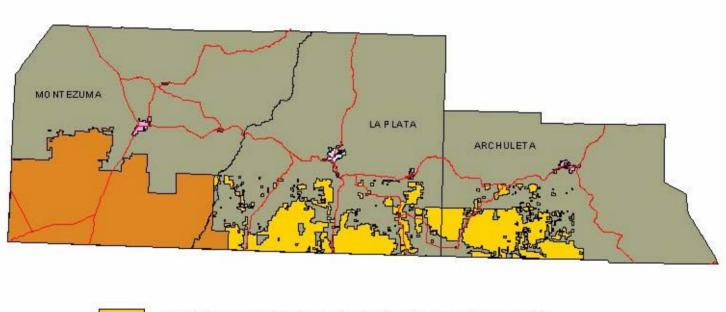
Options for Additional Funding

 Increase in the gas tax would be equitable, because it captures tourism travel.

Impose a sales tax on fuel purchases.

Energy producers should pay their own way.

Indian Reservations



- SOUTHERN UTE INDIAN RESERVATION
- UTE MOUNTAIN UTE INDIAN RESERVATION